ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಎಂ. ಇಬ್ರಾಹಿಂ.— ತಾವು ಏನು ಹೇಳುತ್ತಿದ್ದೀರಿ ಎಂದು ನನಗೆ ಗೊತ್ತಿದೆ. ಅಗ್ರಿಮೆಂಟ್ ಆಗುವ ದಿವಸ ಮ್ಯಾನೇಜ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್‌ನವರೂ ಮತ್ತು ಕಾರ್ಮಿಕ ಮುಖಂಡರೂ ನನ್ನ ಹತ್ತಿರ ಬಂದು ನಿಮ್ಮ ಎದುರಿನಲ್ಲೇ ಸಹಿ ಹಾಕುತ್ತೇವೆಂದು ಹೇಳಿದರು. ನಾನು ಇದಕ್ಕೆ ಒಪ್ಪದೇ ನೀವು ಜಂಟಿ ಕಾರ್ಮಿಕ ಕಮಿಷನರ್‌ರವರ ಮುಂದೆ ಸಹಿ ಹಾಕಿ ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದೆ ಆದರೆ ಕಾರ್ಮಿಕರ ಮುಖಂಡರು ಏನು ಹೇಳಿದರು ಅಂದರೆ ಈ ದಿವಸ ನಾವು ಸಹಿ ಹಾಕದಿದ್ದರೆ ನಮಗೆ ಹಣ ಸಿಕ್ಕುವುದಿಲ್ಲ. ನಾಳೆ ನಮಗೆ ಹಬ್ಬ ಇದೆಯೆಂದು ಹೇಳಿದರು. ನಾನು ಒಪ್ಪದೇ ಹೋದುದರಿಂದ ಅವರು ಲೇಬರ್ ಕಮಿಷನರ್‌ರವರ ಮುಂದೆ ಸಹಿಯನ್ನು ಹಾಕಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಈಗ ಈ ವಿಚಾರ ಹೈಕೋರ್ಟ್‌ನಲ್ಲಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ನಾವು ಯಾರೂ ಏನೂ ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಬರುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.

*reg: (ii) Prevalance of Encephalitis (Brain fever) in Kolar District.*

SRI M. ABDUL LATIF —Sir, I call the attention of the Hon'ble Minister for Health and Family Welfare to the continuous prevalance of Encephalitis (brain fever) in Kolar District.

SRI A. K. ABDUL SAMAD.—Sir, I wish to make the following statement.

Encephalitis occurs sporadically *i.e.*, a case here and there throughout the year. The Epidemic out-break occurs soon after the rains in the area and continues till the Summer season starts *i.e.*, till the stagnant water in the area dry up.

Advance action is already taken for the control of the out-break of the disease on the advise of a committee consisting of the officers of the Department of Health Services, Animal Husbandry, National Institute of Virology Poona and National Institute Mental Health and all the District Officers of the Department are alerted for taking action on this and storing required drugs and the control of Vector Mosquitoes, Reservoir Pigs etc.,

Research in various aspects of the disease is going on and undertaken by all the concerned in this issue, Even to-day a course in training the Doctors regarding Seroepidemiological investigation of this disease from this State as well as from other States of India is started by the National Institute of Virology Poona in Bangalore.

This will enable the Doctors to locate the cases early and give treatment and also for taking advance action in the control.

† SRI ABDUL LATHEEF (Kolar).—Mr. Speaker, the statement says that the Encephalitis spread sporadically but it is not in all the places in all the Districts of Karnataka, but it is only in Kolar District. I would like to know the reason whether it occurs sporadically or epidemically. Why it is only in Kolar District? Since last epidemic we had eight fatal attacks detected and there might be several cases undetected also. As far as my knowledge goes, the Department of Health has not risen up to the occasion because the

pigs are the main intermediary host in this disease. Neither they are segregated nor eradicated ; they are roaming in the district in each town and this has been a major cause for the epidemic. I would like to convey my feelings through you to this august House that this is a ghastly disease and specially the children below the age of 12 years are affected by this disease. So the Government should take utmost care to see that this epidemic does not start again. As the moonsoon has set in, there are more stagnant water, there is musquito breeding, pigs are on the street, virus alive in the taluk. So all the necessary things for an epidemic, are present in the taluk. Therefore I would like to know what steps the Government woulp take to eradicate or segregate pigs and than control this mosquito breeding. Some vaccine was imported from Japan and the Department itself was not satisfied whether it was an effective remedy for this disease. If virus has been isolated may I know whether any attempts have been made to prepare such vaccine required for mass inoculation to protect the spread of disease as is done in the case of Cholera, Plague, and small pox. This is a very very bad disease and it would permanently disable a child in his future life. Last time we had about 100 attacks and 70 children are surviving even to-day. The Lions Club and the rotarians came forward for Post Encephalitis Rehabilitation Clinic ; total project was worth Rs. 90,000. For this, voluntary contribution came upto Rs 50,000. We requested the Government to contribute the remaining Rs 40,000 and I even represented through His Excellency the Governor, when he visited Kolar, for contributing this forty thousand rupees. Inspite of several representations the amount is yet to come and am therefore requesting the Hon. Minister to see that this amount is released as early as possible so that the humanitarian clinic can go on. This is a very serious disease and would like to crave the attention of the Government as early as possible because the rains have set in, there is stagnant water, there is mosquito breeding, pigs are on the street and the virus is alive. To save the children of the District I appeal to the Government to see that this disease does not repeat itself as in 1979.

SRI B. B. SAYANAK.—The disease is spread not only to Kolar but in other places also.

SRI RAMESH KUMAR. – I would like to bring to the notice of the Minister through you Sir, that the Government did take very seriously when this disease first spread in Kolar District. The situation was tackled on war-footing. Doctors were giving us an impression that it is only seasonal occurance and it would come to

an end by about January. We had to believe them. But it is unfortunate now that we have got to accept that it exists even after January and as Sri Abdul Latheef put it, the after-effects of this disease is very serious and in most of the cases people survive the attack. They are practically paralysed and some parts of the body immobilised and most of them became handicapped. I am sure the Minister would take this issue very seriously and as was done in the month of November and December, the Government would take steps on a war footing and see that the lives of many innocent people are saved.

SRI A. K. ABDUL SAMAD.—Mr. Speaker Sir, I agree with the Hon. Members' sentiments that this disease is a very fatal one and generally it attacks only children below the age of ten and mostly it affects the weaker and backward sections who are exposed to sun and rain without clothing etc. So, the Government has already taken action to see that mostly piglets that transmit this disease should be eradicated and isolated. The Central Government has taken decision to manufacture vaccine in their Central Vaccine Institute. The vaccine which was imported from Japan does not prove effective to our environment. As soon as the research is complete, this vaccine will be taken care of. With regard to the suggestion of the Hon'ble Member Sri Abdul Latheef for the Government contribution of Rs. 40,000 for the Rehabilitation Centre, as far as the Government is concerned, no proposal has been received so far. In case, Members pursue this and members send proposal straightaway, I will assure you that there will be no hesitation on the part of the Government to rehabilitate these unfortunate children and the whatever assistance is necessary, the Government will give.

ಶ್ರೀ ಡಿ. ದೇವರಾಜ್ ಅರಸ್ (ಮಾನ್ಯ ವಿರೋಧ ಪಕ್ಷದ ಸದಸ್ಯರು).—ಈ ಸಂದರ್ಭದಲ್ಲಿ ಒಂದು ವಿಚಾರವನ್ನು ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಗಮನಕ್ಕೆ ತರುವುದು ಇದೆ. ಈ ರೋಗ ನಿವಾರಣೆ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ವಿವರಣೆಯನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟಿದ್ದಾರೆ ಇದು ಒಂದು ಭಾಗ ಈ ಡಿಸೀಸ್ ಹಂದಿಗಳಿಂದ ಬರುವುದು ಎಂದು ತಜ್ಞರು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ ಊರಿನಲ್ಲಿದ್ದ ಹಂದಿಗಳನ್ನೆಲ್ಲಾ ಹೊರಗಡೆಗೆ ಕಳುಹಿಸಬೇಕೆಂದು ಹೇಳಿದರು ಅದು ಸರಿ. ಆದರೆ ಈ ಹಂದಿಗಳನ್ನು ಹೊರಗೆ ಹಾಕಿದರೆ ಆದನ್ನು ಸಾಕುವವರು ಇದರ ಮೇಲೆ ತಮ್ಮ ಜೀವನವನ್ನು ಅವಲಂಬಿಸಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಇದಕ್ಕೆ ಒಂದು ಪರಿಹಾರವನ್ನು ಸರ್ಕಾರ ಕಂಡುಹಿಡಿಯಬೇಕಾಗುತ್ತದೆ ನಮ್ಮ ಹಳ್ಳಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಅವುಗಳನ್ನು ಬೀದಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಬಿಟ್ಟು ಬಿಡುತ್ತಾರೆ ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಚರಂಡಿಗಳು ಇರುವುದಿಲ್ಲವಾದ್ದರಿಂದ ಇವುಗಳು ಎಲ್ಲೆಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆರೆಕುಂಟೆಗಳು ಇರುತ್ತವೆ ಅಲ್ಲೆಲ್ಲಾ ಓಡಾಡಿಕೊಂಡಿರುತ್ತವೆ. ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಒಂದು ಸಲಹೆ ಏನು ಎಂದರೆ ಹಂದಿಗಳನ್ನು ಹೊರಗಡೆಗೆ ಕಳುಹಿಸದೆ ಹೋದರೆ ಈ ಕಾಯಿಲೆಯನ್ನು ಎರಾಡಿಕೇಟ್ ಮಾಡಲಿಕ್ಕೆ ಸಾಧ್ಯವಿಲ್ಲವೆಂದು ತಜ್ಞರು ಹೇಳುತ್ತಾ ಇರುವುದರಿಂದ ಈ ಹಂದಿ ಸಾಕುವವರಿಗೆ ಜೀವನಕ್ಕೆ ಕಾಂಪೆನ್ಸೇಷನ್ ಕೊಡಬೇಕು ಅವರು ಈ ಹಂದಿಗಳನ್ನು ಊರಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಸಾಕದಂತೆ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆ ಮಾಡಬೇಕಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. We must consider the problem on humanitarian grounds. We must ensure that the people, who entirely depend upon rearing of these pigs are also given some protection. If you

destroy the pigs, they must get adequate compensation. If you do not want to destroy them in the towns, see that they are separately rehabilitated.

3-00 P.M.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಚಂದ್ರಶೇಖರ್: ಮಾನ್ಯ ವಿರೋಧ ಪಕ್ಷದ ನಾಯಕರು ಹೇಳಿದ ಹಾಗೆ ಹೋದ ವರ್ಷ ದಿಂದ ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಸುತ್ತಮುತ್ತಲಿನ ಪ್ರದೇಶಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಅನೇಕ ಕಡೆ ಹಂದಿಗಳನ್ನು ಸಾಯಿಸುತ್ತಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಮಡಿವಾಳದ ಹತ್ತಿರ ಒಂದು ಪ್ರದೇಶ ಇದೆ. ಅಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ಕೂಡ ಹಂದಿಗಳನ್ನು ಸಾಯಿಸಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಇನ್ನು ಕೆಲವು ಕಡೆ ರೋಗ ಇಲ್ಲದಿದ್ದರೂ ಕೂಡ ಹಂದಿಗಳನ್ನು ಸಾಯಿಸುತ್ತಾ ಇರುವುದರಿಂದ ಅನೇಕ ಜನ ತೊಂದರೆಗೆ ಈಡಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಕೆಲವು ಕಡೆ ಗ್ರಾಮಾಂತರ ಪ್ರದೇಶಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಹಳ್ಳಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ನೀರು ನಿಂತು ಸೊಳ್ಳೆಗಳು ಉತ್ಪತ್ತಿಯಾಗುತ್ತವೆ. ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ ಈ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಕೂಡಲೇ ಕ್ರಮ ತೆಗೆದು ಕೊಂಡು ಗ್ರಾಮದ ಸುತ್ತಮುತ್ತ ಇರತಕ್ಕ ಹಳ್ಳಿಗಳನ್ನು ಮಳೆಗಾಲ ಬರುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಮುಂಚೆ ಮುಚ್ಚಿಸ ಬೇಕು. ನೀರು ನಿಲ್ಲದೇ ಇರುವ ಹಾಗೆ ಮಾಡಬೇಕು. ಒಳಚರಂಡಿಯನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿಸಬೇಕು. ಆಗ ಈ ರೋಗವನ್ನು ಹರಡತಕ್ಕ ಸೊಳ್ಳೆಗಳು ಕ್ರಿಮಿಗಳು ಉತ್ಪತ್ತಿಯಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ. ಟ್ರಾನ್ಸ್ಪೋರ್ಟ್ ವಿಜೆಂಟ್‌ಗಳಾದ ಹಂದಿಗಳನ್ನು ಏತಕ್ಕೆ ಸಾಯಿಸಬೇಕು? ಇದರಿಂದಾಗಿ ಹೋದ ವರ್ಷ ಇದೇ ಸಮಯ ದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಂಸ ಒಂದು ಕೆ.ಜಿ ಗೆ ೧೪-೧೫ ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳು ಇತ್ತು. ಈಗ ಮಾಂಸದ ಬೆಲೆ ಒಂದು ಕೆ.ಜಿ ಗೆ ೨೪ ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳು ಆಗಿದೆ. ಈ ದೃಷ್ಟಿಯಿಂದ ಈ ರೋಗವನ್ನು ಹರಡತಕ್ಕದ್ದು ಈ ಟ್ರಾನ್ಸ್ಪೋರ್ಟ್ ವಿಜೆಂಟ್‌ಗಳಾದ ಹಂದಿಗಳಲ್ಲ ಆದರೆ ಸೊಳ್ಳೆಗಳು ಗ್ರಾಮಗಳ ಸುತ್ತು ಮುತ್ತ ಹಳ್ಳಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ನೀರು ನಿಂತು ಈ ರೋಗವನ್ನು ಹರಡತಕ್ಕ ಕ್ರಿಮಿಗಳು ಸೊಳ್ಳೆಗಳು ಉತ್ಪತ್ತಿಯಾಗದಂತೆ ಹಳ್ಳಗಳನ್ನು ಮುಚ್ಚಬೇಕು. ಹಳ್ಳಿಗಾಡುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಒಳಚರಂಡಿ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆ ಆಗಬೇಕು. ಅದು ಬಿಟ್ಟು ಬಡವರು ಸಾಕುವ ಹಂದಿಯನ್ನು ಸಾಯಿಸಿ ಅವರ ಜೀವನವನ್ನು ಹಾಳು ಮಾಡುವುದು ಒಳ್ಳೆಯ ದಲ್ಲ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಟಿ. ಚೌಡಯ್ಯ.—ಹಂದಿಯನ್ನು ಸಾಕಿದ್ದವರು ನಷ್ಟಕ್ಕೆ ಒಳಗಾಗಿ ಅವರು ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಂಡ ಸಾಲವನ್ನು ತೀರಿಸುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಶಕ್ತಿ ಇಲ್ಲದಂತಾಗಿದೆ. ಅವರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ರಿಯಾಯಿತಿಗಳನ್ನು ತೋರಿಸಬೇಕು.

SRI ABDUL LATHEEF.—Will the Hon. Minister for Health assure to release the balance amount required to complete the project as early as possible? The Government hospital is involved in that.

SRI A. K. ABDUL SAMAD.—Mr. Speaker, Sir, just now the Leader of the opposition expressed some important and relevant points. Let me make it clear that we are not going to kill these piglets thereby making these persons to lose their occupation. This bad disease is transmitted through a particular mosquito. This particular mosquito bites the small children below the age of 10 years and leads to brain swollen with the result the entire system goes out of order making the child permanently disabled. Now, we are going to segregate and localise them in a particular area. If we shift them from one district to another district like Tumkur, Bangalore we are afraid that the disease may spread there. This has happened in the past. Therefore, the Government is trying to localise and not allow them to go astray. The Government is also trying to see that they could also be cured through some vaccination. It is under consideration. BHS has been given medicine to spray in the

affected areas under anti-malaria programme. With regard to Sri Abdul Lathiff's suggestion to release the balance amount, I will look into it.

*(iii) Tense situation prevailing due to lathi charge by the Police at Kollegal.*

SRI P. RAMDEV.—Sir, I call the attention of the Hon'ble Chief Minister to the tense situation prevailing at Kollegal, Mysore District due to the clash and lathi charge by the police and other connected matters.

SRI R. GUNDU RAO.—Sir I wish to make the following Statement

On the night of 24-5-1980 at 2115 hours one Lingaraju, a Harijan of Kollegal town appeared at Kollegal Police Station and complained that when he was taking his wife to the clinic for treatment in Brahmin Street one Basheer molested her by embracing etc., At that time Sri K. B. Monayya, Circle Inspector, Kollegal who was present in his office realised the sensitive nature of the complaint and instructed that the statement should be reduced into writing and complaint should be sregistered. Accordingly, on the statement of Lingaraju as case in Cr. No. 101/80 u/s. 354 IPC was registered and investigation was taken up.

The Circle Inspector immediately sent Shri P. Venkataswamy, Sub-Inspector (Crime) in a jeep to secure Basheer. Basheer was apprehended within about 15 minutes and brought to the Police Station. He was under the influence of alcohol and he was put in the lock-up after observing the required formalities. In the meanwhile about one hundred Harijans gathered around the Police Station and the office of the Circle Inspector and demanded that Basheer should be handed over to them to enable them to teach him a lesson. The Circle Inspector told them that Basheer had been apprehended and he would be dealt with strictly according to the law and they should not anything on their own. But some of the Harijan youngsters indulged in an argument in high pitch of voice stating that the legal action and the provisions contemplated under IPC were of no use and they themselves would deal with the person. One of the persons who was leading the youths was questioned by the Circle Inspector as to who he was to come up with such demand for which he arrogantly replied that he was "ಮಹಾದೇವ, ನಾನೊಬ್ಬ ರಾಜಕೀಯ ಪುಡಾರಿ" The Circle Inspector immediately noted down the name of the person and also told the rest of the youngsters that their demand cannot be conceded and if they persisted in their demand they will have to be dealt with